The State of
Enterprise Open Source

A Red Hat® Report
As the world’s leading provider of enterprise open source solutions, we’ve been at the forefront of the open source revolution for more than 26 years. While open source is still a new concept to some, it has been and will continue to be, the driving force behind much of the innovation we are seeing today around cloud computing, automation, artificial intelligence, big data, and machine learning. All of the mega-trends happening in technology are user-driven and playing out in open source first.

Last year, we set out to determine if open source solutions were making their way into enterprises, and we found remarkable momentum. The result was the inaugural “The State of Enterprise Open Source: A Red Hat Report,” which explored the thought processes driving more and more enterprise leaders to choose open source solutions.

For our second annual report, we wanted to know more. With 95% of IT leaders agreeing that enterprise open source is important to their enterprise infrastructure software strategy, it’s safe to say we don’t need to ask ”if” anymore. We need to ask ”why” and ”how.” Looking at the report, the results indicate a market environment driven by collaborative innovation.

I invite you to explore this report and learn some of the ways enterprises are turning to open source tools to modernize their IT approach. Clearly, more of the world now looks to enterprise open source not only as a powerful source of technological innovation but also as a standard for building the organizations of the future.

Jim Whitehurst
President and CEO, Red Hat

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Commentary throughout the report is written by Gordon Haff, a technology evangelist at Red Hat. He writes about technology, trends, and their business impact. He is a frequent speaker at customer and industry events. He has authored books including How Open Source Ate Software and From Pots and Vats to Programs and Apps.

950
Total interviews were conducted with IT leaders worldwide

400
Completes from the United States

150
Completes from the United Kingdom

250
Completes from Latin America*

150
Completes from English-speaking Asia Pacific*

Respondents were unaware that Red Hat was the sponsor of this survey. Respondents had to influence purchase decisions within their organization: app development, app infrastructure, cloud, storage, middleware, server OS, or virtualization. Respondents had to be familiar with enterprise open source, and have at least 1% Linux® installed at their organizations. *LATAM includes Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, and Mexico; English-speaking APAC includes Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, and Singapore. Research conducted in 2019.
The importance of enterprise open source

We asked what people think about enterprise open source software. Essentially everyone (95%) agrees that enterprise open source is important. And this isn't just according to Red Hat customers or other enterprises leading the way in adopting new technologies. A cross section of IT decision makers from enterprise-sized companies in 11 countries across many industries voiced that opinion. And that opinion is spreading.

When we raise the bar to consider only those who answered that enterprise open source is “very important” or “extremely important,” we still see 75% of respondents agree—an increase from 69% in last year’s survey.

Importance of enterprise open source

- 36% very important
- 20% important
- 39% extremely important
- 5% somewhat important

How important is enterprise open source to your organization’s overall enterprise infrastructure strategy?
Decision makers are also bullish on their future open source plans. Last year, 59% said that they expected to increase their use of enterprise open source software. That number has now shot up to 77%.

We know that as people become familiar with and use open source software, the more they view it as strategic and the more they use it. This survey series supports that conclusion.

**Expected future change in use of enterprise open source**

Over the next 12 months

- **Increase**: 77%
- **Stay the same**: 22%
- **Decrease**: 1%

**US**
- **Increase**: 72%
- **Stay the same**: 27%
- **Decrease**: 1%

**UK**
- **Increase**: 80%
- **Stay the same**: 19%
- **Decrease**: 1%

**APAC**
- **Increase**: 71%
- **Stay the same**: 25%
- **Decrease**: 3%

**LATAM**
- **Increase**: 85%
- **Stay the same**: 13%
- **Decrease**: 2%

*Do you expect your organization’s use of enterprise open source to increase, decrease, or stay the same over the next 12 months?*

*“Don’t know” responses were not reported.*
Proprietary software is quickly declining

Software is everywhere. Is the upward trajectory of enterprise open source just a matter of a rising tide lifting all software boats? The data says not.

The use of proprietary software is plummeting. Last year, our respondents indicated that about half (55%) of the software they used was proprietary. This year, it’s 42%. Two years from now, they say proprietary software will be down to 32% of their software stacks. Maybe it doesn’t surprise you that proprietary software is losing favor—expensive and inflexible proprietary software licenses result in high capital expenditures (CapEx) and vendor lock-in. However, the rate at which organizations are abandoning proprietary software is notable, especially given how slowly change usually comes to the enterprise software space. Remarkably, enterprise open source is expected to rise from 36% to 44% over the next two years.

The data also tells us that community-based open source is on the way up too. It’s risen from last year’s 16% of software usage to 19% today—and it’s projected to hit 21% in two years. Community-based open source isn’t increasing as rapidly as enterprise open source within the companies we surveyed, but it is on an upward trajectory—and proprietary software clearly isn’t.

Expected changes in software usage

 aproximadamente what percentage of your organization’s software is proprietary/open source now/two years from now? *“Other” responses were not reported.
How are enterprises using open source technology?

What do organizations mean when they say that enterprise open source is becoming more important to them? We can reasonably infer that they mean they’re increasingly using open source software for purposes considered vital to the business. This year’s data illustrates this trend.

Where enterprise open source is being used

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security</th>
<th>52%</th>
<th>Cloud management tools</th>
<th>51%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>US</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>42%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Database</th>
<th>49%</th>
<th>Big data and analytics</th>
<th>47%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>US</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>44%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What enterprise open source is being used for

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IT infrastructure modernization</th>
<th>Application development</th>
<th>DevOps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60%</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57% US</td>
<td>54% US</td>
<td>57% US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59% UK</td>
<td>53% UK</td>
<td>49% UK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61% APAC</td>
<td>52% APAC</td>
<td>59% APAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63% LATAM</td>
<td>51% LATAM</td>
<td>41% LATAM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What are the barriers to enterprise adoption of open source?

Although there are plenty of positives to find in the broadening use of enterprise open source, respondents identified some perceived barriers to adoption. In fact, respondents listed the same top three barriers this year as they did last year: security, support, and compatibility.

One reading of these data points is that they reflect lingering but outmoded concerns. For example, security might refer to a belief that the availability of source code makes software more susceptible to attacks—although that’s rarely the way in which vulnerabilities are exploited. Support concerns may conflate community-supported open source (and thus volunteer-based) with enterprise open source, which is by definition rigorously supported enterprise software.

However, the responses are also in line with the concerns of IT decision makers about software more broadly—if perhaps somewhat amplified. Who doesn’t worry about security these days? Who doesn’t have concerns about support? Who doesn’t think about the problems of maintaining compatibility across highly distributed software stacks? For example, the fourth most cited barrier, lack of internal skills, is a frequent lament that applies to many aspects of modern IT beyond enterprise open source.

**Perceived barriers to using enterprise open source**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security of the code</th>
<th>Level of support</th>
<th>Compatibility</th>
<th>Lack of internal skills to manage and support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>38%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39% US</td>
<td>39% US</td>
<td>33% US</td>
<td>34% US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34% UK</td>
<td>32% UK</td>
<td>33% UK</td>
<td>33% UK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34% APAC</td>
<td>36% APAC</td>
<td>33% APAC</td>
<td>36% APAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% LATAM</td>
<td>38% LATAM</td>
<td>36% LATAM</td>
<td>30% LATAM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Benefits of using enterprise open source go beyond cost

“I don’t care about cost.” Said no one with a budget ever. As a result, it’s not surprising to see that “lower total cost of ownership” continues to rank highly in the top benefits of enterprise open source—though now ranked second compared to last year’s top spot. Nonetheless, these results highlight the business value of enterprise open source subscriptions.

However, most of the top benefits cited go beyond cost. “Security” checks in at third, just as it did last year. The new leader is “higher quality software.” Perhaps most interesting is that “designed to work in cloud, cloud-native technologies” has climbed from last year’s eighth position to fourth. This increase shows how important the open source development model is to new and rising categories of software—including cloud-native software.

Benefits of using enterprise open source

- **33%** Higher quality software
  - 32% US
  - 34% UK
  - 35% APAC
  - 32% LATAM

- **30%** Lower total cost of ownership
  - 34% US
  - 25% UK
  - 34% APAC
  - 26% LATAM

- **29%** Better security
  - 27% US
  - 28% UK
  - 28% APAC
  - 36% LATAM

- **28%** Designed to work in cloud, cloud-native technologies
  - 30% US
  - 25% UK
  - 25% APAC
  - 28% LATAM

- **28%** Ability to safely leverage open source technologies
  - 29% US
  - 26% UK
  - 26% APAC
  - 29% LATAM

- **27%** Access to latest innovations
  - 29% US
  - 28% UK
  - 27% APAC
  - 25% LATAM

What would you consider to be the top three benefits of using enterprise open source solutions or technologies?
These new categories of software are largely a product of open source development—and enterprises are adjusting their plans. Among those organizations that have an in-house application development team, 56% expect to increase their use of containers, a key cloud-native technology, in the next 12 months.

**Expected change in use of containers**

Over the next 12 months

- **Increase**: 56%
- **Stay the same**: 39%
- **Decrease**: 3%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Increase</th>
<th>Stay the same</th>
<th>Decrease</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>54%</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>54%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do you expect your organization’s use of containers to increase, decrease, or stay the same over the next 12 months? **“Don’t know” responses were not reported.**
How enterprises are handling legacy applications

One of the new questions we added this year explored the mix of legacy and modern applications, a category in which we included both cloud-native and cloud-enabled apps. However rapidly many enterprises have jumped on cloud-native containerized development, few organizations have the opportunity to throw away existing investments in legacy IT without suffering major disruptions.

That said, the combination of cloud-native apps and cloud-enabled ones already outnumber legacy applications by 61% to 39%. Cloud-enabled apps are those originally developed for deployment in a traditional datacenter but that have been adapted to cloud environments. This is yet another reminder of how the pace of IT change has accelerated in recent years.

### Legacy vs. modern: usage trends

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Legacy applications</th>
<th>Modern applications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average % used today</td>
<td>Average % expected 5 years from now</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APAC</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LATAM</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cloud-enabled:
- Total: 36% 41%
- US: 36% 42%
- UK: 36% 41%
- APAC: 36% 42%
- LATAM: 36% 40%

Cloud-native:
- Total: 25% 29%
- US: 23% 28%
- UK: 24% 29%
- APAC: 27% 30%
- LATAM: 28% 30%
We also dug into the details of how legacy apps are being replaced (or not). A variety of different strategies emerged.

Respondents indicated that 31% of their apps are just being left as is. This approach can be an effective (and cost-effective). If an app is doing what it needs to do, change for the sake of change doesn’t make a lot of sense. On the other hand, sometimes the best approach is to just start over. The strategy for 16% of apps is to sunset or decommission them.

An equal percentage of legacy apps, 47%, will be rearchitected or modernized, but that number splits almost evenly into three different approaches. We found that 17% will be updated or modernized. Another 16% will be rearchitected as cloud-enabled apps. And 14% will be completely rearchitected as cloud-native apps.

Overall, the data tells a story of IT decision makers making thoughtful decisions about their application portfolios. There’s no single “right” approach that applies across the board.

### Legacy application strategy next 24 months

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strategy</th>
<th>US</th>
<th>UK</th>
<th>APAC</th>
<th>LATAM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sunset or decommission</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leave as-is</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update or modernize</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearchitect as cloud-enabled</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearchitect as cloud-native</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“"A key ingredient to improving Adobe’s operations has been our focus on eliminating manual toil. We’ve developed innovative open source-powered frameworks, such as our Healing-as-a-Service (HaaS) capability, which automatically identifies and fixes issues and outages across our systems without human intervention. Open source enables the rapid evolution of an ecosystem by providing solutions to common problems and has helped us achieve our goal of having cloud-like characteristics in our DNA."

*Cynthia Stoddard
Senior Vice President and Chief Information Officer
Adobe*
Open source is for innovators

Finally, we asked our respondents to take a step back, beyond specific benefits, use cases, and plans to modernize their application portfolios. What’s their overall perception of enterprise open source?

The top two responses say a lot about the state of enterprise open source.

Attributes associated with enterprise open source

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>US</th>
<th>UK</th>
<th>APAC</th>
<th>LATAM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Used by the most innovative companies</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrumental in my organization’s ability to take advantage of cloud architectures</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ranked second was “Enterprise open source has been instrumental in my organization’s ability to take advantage of cloud architectures.” Hybrid cloud architectures are the foundation for digital transformation. “Only” 63% of respondents have a hybrid cloud infrastructure today. But among those that don’t, more than half (54%) plan to have one within the next 24 months.

The top spot, at 86%, went to “Enterprise open source is used by the most innovative companies.” with 86%. This ranking speaks to the overarching story of enterprise open source and open source software more broadly. It’s not about being cheaper than proprietary software, or “good enough” from a technology perspective. It’s about organizations and individuals coming together to collectively invent the future.

How much do you agree that enterprise open source is used by the most innovative companies/is instrumental in my organization’s ability to take advantage of cloud architectures?

About Red Hat

Red Hat is the world’s leading provider of enterprise open source software solutions, using a community-powered approach to deliver reliable and high-performing Linux, hybrid cloud, container, and Kubernetes technologies. Red Hat helps customers develop cloud-native applications, integrate existing and new IT applications, and automate and manage complex environments. A trusted adviser to the Fortune 500, Red Hat provides award-winning support, training, and consulting services that bring the benefits of open innovation to any industry. Red Hat is a connective hub in a global network of enterprises, partners, and communities, helping organizations grow, transform, and prepare for the digital future.

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